

Roll No. ....

Total Pages : 02

**BBLG/M-24**

**PRINCIPLES OF BANKING**

**29141**

Paper : 401-A

24

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to Unit IV. Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory. All questions carry 15 marks except Q. No. 9 which carries 20 marks.

**Unit I**

1. Why was the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 enacted ?  
Explain the remarkable features of the Act. 5+10
2. Why Reserve Bank of India came into existence ? What are the main functions of Reserve Bank of India. 5+10

**Unit II**

3. Explain the difference between Retail Banking and Corporate Banking. 15
4. What do you mean by International Banking ? Explain the importance of Rural Banking in India. 7.5+7.5

P.T.O.

### Unit III

5. Explain in detail Banker-Customer relationship. 15
6. What do you mean by Cheque ? Explain important characteristics of Cheque. 5+10

### Unit IV

7. How technological developments has widened the scope of banking in India ? 15
8. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : 5
- (a) ATMs 5
  - (b) Streamlining of banking through computerization 5
  - (c) e-Banking or Internet Banking. 5

### Unit V

#### (Compulsory Question)

9. Write short notes on the following :
- (a) Meaning of Banking and its importance 5
  - (b) The banking sector reforms since 1991 5
  - (c) Special Services Rendered by Banks 5
  - (d) Priority sector lending. 5



BBLG/M-24

29142

MACRO BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT  
Paper 402 A

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I-IV and Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory.

**Unit I**

1. Discuss the various economic reforms implemented in India during the last ten years. 15
2. Define Industrial Policy. Discuss the important policy initiatives introduced in Industrial Sector Since 1991. 15

**Unit II**

- Discuss the need for Foreign Capital in India. Also discuss the latest FDI policy of Government of India. 15
4. Discuss the meaning and features of a Multinational Corporation. Explain its advantages and disadvantages for the host country. 15

P.T.O.

### Unit III

5. What are the objectives and functions of International Monetary Fund ? Also explain its organisational structure. 15

6. Explain the meaning and major agreements of World Trade Organization. 15

### Unit IV

7. Explain the meaning and features of Monetary Policy. Make a critical analysis of monetary policy of India. 15
8. Discuss the salient features of Foreign Trade Policy in India since 2015. 15

### Unit V

9. Answer the following in a brief manner :  $5 \times 4 = 20$
- (a) What is meant by Economic Reforms ?
  - (b) Distinguish between Foreign Direct Investment and Foreign Institutional Investment.
  - (c) State the objectives of World Bank.
  - (d) State the objectives of Fiscal Policy in India.

**BLG/M-24**  
**LAW OF CRIMES (IPC)**  
**Paper-403**

**29110**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Q. No. 9 is compulsory.

**Unit I**

1. What is abetment ? Discuss the law relating to abetment in I.P.C. 15
2. What do you mean by criminal conspiracy ? Explain with relevant case law. 15

**Unit II**

3. Discuss the law relating to false evidence with relevant case law. 15
4. What is wrongful restraint ? What is the difference between wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ? 15

P.T.O.



### Unit III

5. What is Criminal Misappropriation of Property ? Explain in detail. 15

6. Whether there is any difference between cheating and mischief ? Explain. 15

### Unit IV

7. Discuss the law relating to offences of cruelty by husband with relevant case law. 15

8. What is criminal intimidation ? Explain the relevant provisions of I.P.C. 15

### Unit V

#### (Compulsory Question)

9. Write short notes on the following :

4×5=20

- (a) Offence by a child
- (b) Assault
- (c) House-trespass
- (d) Defamation.

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Total Pages : 02

BLG/M-24

29111

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# CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA-II

Paper : 404

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all. Q. No. 9 (Unit V) is compulsory. Attempt *four* other questions, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to Unit IV. Q. No. 9 carries 20 marks and rest of questions carry 15 marks each.

## Unit I

1. How is the President of India elected ? Discuss his power to dissolve Lok Sabha.
2. What is the position of Governor ? Does he possess more powers than the President ?

## Unit II

3. Discuss the original and advisory jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India. Is the advisory opinion given by the Supreme Court under Article 143 of the Constitution on binding on the President ?

P.T.O.

- 23
4. What do you mean by Independence of Judiciary ? How has it been incorporated in the constitution of India ?

### Unit III

5. Discuss the administrative relations between the Union and States.
6. Discuss the principles of Natural Justice under Article 311(2) of the Constitution of India.

### Unit IV

7. What do you mean by the Amendment of the Constitution ? Can basic structure be amended ?
8. Discuss grounds for proclamation of National Emergency in India. Explain the consequences of such proclamation.

### Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following :
- (a) Pardoning Power of President
  - (b) Writ of Habeas Corpus.
  - (c) Contingency Fund
  - (d) Functions of Election Commission.



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Total Pages : 02 34

**BLG/M-24**  
**JURISPRUDENCE**

**29112**

Paper : 405A

BTT-402-E

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to Unit IV. Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory.

**Unit I**

1. Critically analyse Kelson's Pure theory of law. 15
2. What do you understand by Jurisprudence ? Briefly discuss the nature and scope of Jurisprudence. 15

**Unit II**

3. How does Sir Henry Maine ? Explain the evolution of law both in Static and Progressive societies ? Critically examine his contribution to historical school of law. 15
4. Explain Duguit's theory of law and his contribution in development of Sociological School. 15

P.T.O.

### Unit III

35

5. What do you mean by 'Custom' ? Discuss the essential conditions of a valid custom. 15
6. What do you mean by 'Administration of Justice' ? Also discuss the advantages and disadvantages of administration of justice. 15

### Unit IV

7. Define 'Possession.' What are its essential elements. Distinguish between possession and ownership. 15
8. Define 'Legal Right.' Explain its essential elements. Also discuss the theories of legal right. 15

### Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following : 4×5=20
  - (i) Hart's concept of law
  - (ii) Social Engineering
  - (iii) Purpose of law
  - (iv) Kinds of Property.

**BLG/M-24**  
**ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**  
**Paper : 406**

**29113**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Unit I to Unit IV. Unit V (Q. No. 9) is compulsory.

**Unit I**

1. What do you mean by Environmental Law ? Discuss the factors responsible for environmental pollution. 15
2. Discuss the importance and contribution of Stockholm Declaration of 1972 in the protection of environment. 15

**Unit II**

3. Discuss the salient features of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. 15
4. Explain the jurisdiction, powers and proceeding of the National Green Tribunal. 15

P.T.O.



### Unit III

5. Discuss in brief the provisions of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 regarding penalties and procedure. 15
6. Explain the composition, powers and functions of the State Board under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981. 15

### Unit IV

7. Define Village Forests and Protected Forests. Also discuss the functions and powers of the Forest Officer. 15
8. Describe the procedure for the declaration of Sanctuaries, National Park and Closed area under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972. 15

### Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following : 4×5=20
  - (a) Rio-Declaration, 1992
  - (b) Criminal Law and Environment Protection
  - (c) Establishment of the National Green Tribunal
  - (d) Prohibition of Trade or Commerce in Trophies etc.