

Roll No.

Total Pages : 05

LG/M-19

14201

ENGLISH-II

COMMUNICATION SKILLS, WRITING
SKILLS AND AN INTRODUCTION TO
ENGLISH LITERATURE

Paper 201

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I-IV and Q. No. 9 in Unit V shall be compulsory.

Unit I

1. (a) Describe in detail the Organs of Speech.
(b) Describe the consonant speech sounds of British English. 7.5×2=15

(a) Transcribe the following words :

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| (i) alms | (ii) dawn |
| (iii) castle | (iv) knee |
| (v) measure | (vi) picture |
| (vii) finger | (viii) Thomas |

Define syllable. What is the basic structure of a syllable?	(a)	9.	(b)	10.
(i) democracy	(ii) cadence	(iii) conduct (verb)	(iv) demise	(v) photography
(vi) translate	(vii) social	(viii) gazette		

7+8=15

Unit II

3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions following it :

Democracy is the most difficult of all forms of government, and yet it is the one to which most nations now aspire. This is because it seems to most people to be the form of government which provides the best hope of making peace and justice the birth-right of all men—of making a world in which privilege, good fortune or the accidents of history or heredity will no longer determine the horizons of opportunity and in which, therefore, the human spirit will flourish best. A successful democratic system requires a number of preconditions most of them difficult in themselves to establish. It requires institutions which can ensure that those who obey the law will not become the victims of those who do not. It requires a mutual respect and a shared pride in the objectives and traditions of the community as a whole. It requires the absence of any form of discrimination based on sex, race,

tolerance of diversity. It requires a system of laws effective enough to ensure peace and justice. It requires constant reassertion of the peace, worth and dignity of the individual.

Questions :

- (a) Why do most nations aspire to a democratic form of government ?
- (b) Write in your own words the requirements of a successful democratic system.
- (c) Explain : "the accidents of history or heredity"
- (d) Write meaning of the words : horizon, discrimination, reassertion.
- (e) Give a suitable title to the passage. 5×3=15

4. Translate the following passage into English :

मैंने कहा कि ज्योति बुझ गई है, परन्तु वह मेरी भूल थी क्योंकि जिस ज्योति ने इस देश को जगन्माया था वह कोई सामान्य ज्योति नहीं थी । जिस ज्योति ने इस देश को इतने वर्षों तक प्रकाशित किया है वह अदृश्य में भी अनेक वर्षों तक इस देश को प्रकाशित करती रहेगी । उसे सारा संसार देखेगा और वह असंख्य लोगों को सान्त्वना प्रदान करेगी । वह ज्योति तात्कालिक वर्तमान की ही नहीं थी । वह जीवन्त एवं अमर सत्यों का प्रतीक थी । वह हमें उचित मार्ग का स्वरूप दिखाती थी, भटकने से रोकती थी । उसी ने इस प्राचीन देश को स्वतंत्रता दिलाई ।

Paraphrase the following : (For Foreign Students only)
Lives of great men all remind us
We can make our lives sublime,
And, departing, leave behind us,
Foot prints on the sand of time,
Footprints that perhaps, another,
Sailing over life's solemn man,
A forlorn and shipwrecked brother,
Seeing, shall take heart again.

Unit III

5. Compare and contrast the following :
(a) Simile and Metaphor
(b) Metonymy and Synecdoche
(c) Antithesis and Oxymoron. 3×5=15
6. Explain with illustrations the following : 3×5=15
(a) Euphemism (b) Irony
(c) Alliteration.

Unit IV

7. Justify the title of the play *The Merchant of Venice*. 15
8. Compare and contrast the characters of Portia and Jessica. 15

9. (a) Define syllable. What is the basic structure of a syllable ?
- (b) What is the importance of translation ?
- (c) Give two examples of Personification.
- (d) Write the dramatic significance of the opening scene of the play *The Merchant of Venice*. $4 \times 5 = 20$

BLG/M-19

14293

BUSINESS ORGANIZATION

Paper 202-A

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I-IV. Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory. Each question in Unit I-IV carries 15 marks and Q. No. 9 in Unit V carries 20 marks.

Unit I

1. What is the concept of business system ? Explain the various elements of a business system.
2. What do you mean by business objectives ? Briefly explain the difference between business, trade and commerce.

Unit II

3. Explain the features of an ideal form of business organization, and state factors affecting the choice of form of business organization.

duties and liabilities of the partner in an organization.

Unit III

5. What are the key elements that define an organization's structure ? Briefly explain the various forms of organizations in new millennium.
6. What are the main objectives of non-profit organization ? Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of a non-profit organization.

Unit IV

7. What do you mean by business combination ? Briefly discuss the main objectives, features and causes of business combination.
8. What is a stock exchange ? Discuss the main role and function of the stock exchange in India.

Unit V

(Compulsory Question)

9. (i) Briefly discuss the interface between business and various types of environment.

taxation affect the private business activities ? Explain the risks and benefits of sole proprietorship.

- (iii) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of co-operative form of ownership prevailing in India.
- (iv) Explain the main role of federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industries in India.

BLG/M-19

14294

MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Paper 203-A

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I to IV. Each question in Unit I to II carries 15 marks. Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory and each part of it carries 5 marks.

प्रत्येक इकाई से एक प्रश्न चुनते हुए कुल पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए । इकाई I से IV तक प्रत्येक प्रश्न 15 अंक का है । इकाई V का प्रश्न संख्या 9 अनिवार्य है । इसका प्रत्येक भाग 5 अंक का है ।

Unit I (इकाई I)

1. What is meant by Utility ? Explain law of diminishing marginal utility giving Marginal utility schedule and Marginal utility curve. Also explain difference between income and substitution effects of a price change.

उपयोगिता का क्या अर्थ है ? सीमान्त उपयोगिता सूची तथा सीमान्त उपयोगिता वक्र का वर्णन करते हुए सीमान्त हास नियम की व्याख्या कीजिए । कीमत परिवर्तन के आय तथा प्रतिस्थानापन्न प्रभावों के मध्य अन्तर स्पष्ट कीजिए ।

- (a) Income-elasticity of demand
- (b) Price-elasticity of supply
- (c) Law of supply
- (d) Point elasticity.

उदाहरण तथा चित्र सहित निम्न अवधारणाओं का वर्णन कीजिए :

- (अ) मांग की आय लोच
- (ब) पूर्ति की कीमत लोच
- (स) पूर्ति नियम
- (द) बिन्दु लोच ।

Unit II (इकाई II)

3. Describe precisely law of variable proportions and Law of return to scale.

चर अनुपात का सटीक नियम तथा पैमाने के प्रतिफल के नियम का वर्णन कीजिए ।

4. Answer the following in short :

- (a) Why a firm under Perfect Competition a price taker and not a price-maker ?
- (b) Can a monopolist charge any price of his product ?
- (c) What is the basic difference between monopolistic competition and oligopoly ?
- (d) What is Pareto concept of social welfare ?

- (अ) पूर्ण प्रतियोगिता के अंतर्गत एक फर्म कीमत लेने वाली क्यों है तथा कीमत बनाने वाली क्यों नहीं ?
- (ब) क्या एकाधिकारी अपने उत्पादन की कीमत वसूल कर सकता है ?
- (स) एकाधिकारी प्रतियोगिता तथा अल्पाधिकार में क्या अन्तर है ?
- (द) पैरेटो की सामाजिक कल्याण की अवधारणा क्या है ?

Unit III (इकाई III)

Elaborate Keynesian theory of income determination.

आय निर्धारण का कीन्स का सिद्धान्त को विस्तारित कीजिए ।

6. What is meant by 'consumption function' ? What is relation between consumption and investment ? Define MPC and APC.

उपभोक्ता कला क्या है ? उपभोग तथा निवेश में क्या संबंध है ? MPC तथा APC को परिभाषित कीजिए ।

Unit IV (इकाई IV)

7. What is meant by disequilibrium in the Balance of Payments ? Distinguish between fundamental disequilibrium and structural disequilibrium. Also list out causes of disequilibrium Balance of Payment.

भुगतान संतुलन में असामान्यावस्था से आप क्या समझते हैं ? भुगतान संतुलन में असामान्यावस्था के कारणों की सूची दीजिए ।

OLG/M-19

14209

LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY

Paper 204

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each Unit I-IV and Q. No. 9 in Unit V is compulsory.

Unit I

1. Discuss in detail the constitution and jurisdiction of Supreme Court under Regulation Act, 1773. 15
2. Explain in detail the administration of justice in Presidency town of Madras upto 1726. 15

Unit II

3. Critically examine the reforms introduced by Warren Hastings. 15
4. Discuss the provisions of High Courts Act, 1861 relating to Establishment of High Courts in India. 15

Unit III

5. Explain in detail the salient features of Indian Council Act, 1892. 15
6. Write a detailed note on Government of India Act, 1909. 15

Unit IV

7. Write a note on modern Judicial system in India. 15
8. Critically analyse law reporting in India. 15

Unit V (Compulsory Question)

9. Write short notes on the following :
- (a) Establishment of East India Company
 - (b) Adalat System
 - (c) Indian Council Act, 1861
 - (d) Indian Independence Act, 1947.

4×5=20

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14205

**LAW OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND
COMPETITION**

Paper 205

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *one* questions from each Unit I to IV. Unit V is compulsory. Each question in Unit I to IV shall carry 15 marks and Q. No. 9 in Unit V shall carry 20 marks.

Unit I

1. Write an essay on "Consumer Disputes". Support your answer with the help of decided cases. 15
2. Define the term Spurious Goods and Services. 15

Unit II

3. Discuss the composition and jurisdiction of State Commission for consumer dispute redressal. 15
4. What are the grounds and procedure to file appeal to the Supreme Court against the order of Nation Commission ?

Unit III

5. Define the term Restrictive Trade Practices. What administrative control is provided for these practices ? 15
6. What are the specific categories of Unfair Trade Practices ? 15

Unit IV

7. What are the duties powers and functions of "Competition Commission of India" ? 15
8. Discuss the facts and principles of law laid down in the case of "Competition Commission vs. Steel Authority of India Ltd. (2010) 103 SCL 269 SC". 15

Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following :
- (a) Consumer Protection Councils 5
 - (b) District Consumer Forum 5
 - (c) Unfair Trade Practices 5
 - (d) Salient Features of the Competition Act, 2002. 5

OLG/M-19

14210

**LAW OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND
COMPETITION**

Paper 205

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I to IV. Each question of Unit I to IV carries 15 marks. Q. No. 9 (Unit V) is compulsory and carries 20 marks.

Unit I

1. Explain the objectives and legislative history of consumer law in India.
2. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) What are the rights of consumer ?
 - (b) Doctrine of Caveat Emptor.

Unit II

3. Explain the three tier system of Consumer Redressal Agencies in India.

4. Discuss the Original and Revisional Jurisdiction of State Commission.

Unit III

5. Critically discuss the various economic factors which promote perfect competition.
6. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Monopolistic Competition
 - (b) Retail Competition.

Unit IV

7. Explain the important features of Competition Act, 2002.
8. Critically discuss the powers and functions of Competition Commission.

Unit V

9. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Deficiency in medical services
 - (b) Dismissal of frivolous complaints
 - (c) Restrictive trade practices
 - (d) Manners of making complaints.

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14206

LAW OF CONTRACT-II

Paper 206

(Special Contract)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt any *Four* questions, selecting *one* question from each Unit I to Unit IV. Unit V is compulsory.

Unit I

1. Define the concept of Guarantee with its essential features.
2. The law protects the rights of indemnity holder in certain situations. Explain.

Unit II

3. Draw the differences between the *two* :
 - (a) Bailor and Bailee
 - (b) Pledge and Mortgage.
4. Write a detailed note on the rights and duties of Pawner and Pawnee to each-other.

Unit III

5. Write short notes on any *two* of the following :
- (a) Kinds of Agents
 - (b) Revocation of Authority by Principal
 - (c) Substituted Agents.
6. On which grounds an Agency can be revoked and terminated ? Discuss.

Unit IV

7. What are the duties of a Firm towards third party ? Explain.
8. Partnership is something different from company and joint Hindu Family. If yes. Give reasons.

Unit V

9. Answer the following :
- (a) Co-surities
 - (b) Kinds of Bailee and their rights
 - (c) Agent's duty to principal
 - (d) Determination of rights of partners under the Act.

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14211

LAW OF CONTRACT-II

Paper 206

(Special Contract)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I to Unit IV. Unit V is compulsory.

Unit I

1. Define and differentiate between contract of guarantee and indemnity.
2. Discuss the rights of surety against creditor with latest case law.

Unit II

3. Discuss the rights and duties of bailor with examples.
4. Discuss the kinds of bailee in detail.

Unit III

5. Discuss the law relating to personal liability of an agent.

6. "Agency can be renounced by operation of law." Explain.

Unit IV

7. Discuss the modes of dissolution of firms according to Indian Partnership Act, 1932.
8. Discuss the principles laid down in Shivagounda Vs. Chandrakant, AIR1965, SC 212.

Unit V

(Compulsory Question)

9. Answer the following :
- (a) Extent of surety's liability
 - (b) Hypothecation and pledge
 - (c) Kinds of agent
 - (d) Nature and scope of Indian Partnership Act, 1932.