

BLG/M-25
ECONOMICS-I
(Introduction to Economics)
Paper : 401

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question each from Section I to IV. Question No. 9 in Section-V is compulsory. Questions from Section I to IV carry 15 marks each. Question No. 9 carries 20 marks having the parts of 5 marks each.

SECTION-I

1. Give the scarcity definition of economics. (15)
2. Give the basic economic problems and their solution. (15)

SECTION-II

3. Make a review of law of Equi-marginal utility and its applications. (15)
4. Discuss the law of demand and various factors influencing the demand. (15)

5. Give the features of monopoly and monopolistic competition. (15)

6. Give the features of sole enterprise company and its limitations. (15)

SECTION-IV

7. Give the features of balanced growth and unbalanced growth. (15)

8. Detail the functions of Reserve Bank of India. (15)

SECTION-V

9. Attempt all the parts :

- (i) Basic economic problems.
- (ii) Law of Supply.
- (iii) Process of capital formation.
- (iv) Functions of money. (5×4=20)

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POLITICAL SCIENCE-IV

(Comparative Constitutions)

Paper : 402

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Candidates are to attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* from each unit. Question No. 9 is of compulsory nature.

UNIT-I

1. What are the salient features of constitution of U.K.?
2. Write a note on judicial system in U.K.

UNIT-II

3. Discuss Presidency in U.S.A.
4. Write a note on judicial system in U.S.A.

UNIT-III

5. Discuss direct democracy in Switzerland.
6. Discuss powers and functions of Plural executive in Switzerland.

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UNIT-IV

7. What are the salient features of constitution of China?

8. Discuss powers and functions of parliament in China.

UNIT-V

(Compulsory Question)

9. Short Answer Type Questions :

- (a) Conventions in U.K.
- (b) Congress in U.S.A.
- (c) Neutrality in Switzerland
- (d) Role of Communist party in China.

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LAW OF CRIMES-I

(Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023)

Paper : 403/403-A

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : (i) Nine questions shall be set in all, *two* questions in each Unit I-IV and one compulsory question in Unit-V.

(ii) The compulsory question in Unit-V shall consist of four parts, *one* from each Unit I-IV.

(iii) The Candidate shall be required to attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit I-IV and Question No. 9 in Unit-V shall be compulsory.

(iv) Each question in Unit I-IV shall carry 15 marks and question no. 9 in Unit-V shall carry 20 marks.

UNIT-I

1. What is the Purpose and Importance of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023? Discuss in detail the major difference between Indian Penal Code, 1860 and Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023.
2. Discuss the Right of Private Defence of Property. Can death of attacker be caused in exercise of Right of Private Defence of Property? How long such Right of Private Defence continues?

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3. Discuss the Law relating to "Rape" as laid down under Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. A married girl aged 17 years approached the court alleging that her husband had sexual intercourse with her without her consent and hence committed rape. Discuss the present law regarding the issue at hand with the help of leading Supreme Court pronouncement.

4. 'A' placed a bomb in a hospital and gave people inside three minutes to get out before the bomb exploded. 'B' an arthritis patient, failed to escape and was killed. Giving reason, state what offence, if any, has been committed by A. In the light of this illustration, discuss in detail when Culpable Homicide amounts to Murder?

UNIT-III

5. Write short notes on the following :

- (i) Rioting.
- (ii) Promoting enmity between different groups on ground of religion, race, place of birth, residence, language, etc., and doing acts prejudicial to maintenance of harmony.

6. What amounts to Adulteration of Food or Drink and Drugs? Under Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, what penalties are imposed for sale of Noxious food or drink and sale of Adulterated Drugs?

7. Examine the Criminal liability by stating the reasons that can be attached in the following situations :

- (i) 'A' cuts down a tree on 'B's' ground with the intention of dishonestly taking the tree out of 'B's' possession without 'B's' consent. Decide the liability of 'A'.
- (ii) 'A' threatens 'B' that he will make her indecent photos public if she does not hand over him her gold jewellery. 'B' gets very scared and gives him her gold jewellery. Decide the Liability of 'A'.
- (iii) 'A' puts a bait for dogs in his pocket and thus induces 'Z's' dog to follow him in order to take him. The dog moves across the lane but on seeing 'Z' he returns back with him. 'Z' sues 'A'. Decide the guilt of 'A'.

8. Discuss in detail the key difference between Cheating, Criminal Breach of Trust and Criminal Misappropriation of Property with illustrative case laws.

UNIT-V

(Compulsory Question)

9. Write short notes on the following :

- (i) Define "Consent". Discuss in which situation defence of Consent, can lawfully be raised.

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *five* questions in all; selecting *two* questions each from Unit (I to IV) and the entire Unit-V which is compulsory. Each question in Unit (I to IV) carries 15 marks and the compulsory question under Unit-V carries 20 marks.

UNIT-I

1. What is the position of the president under the constitution of India? Is he/she bound by the aid and advice given by the Prime Minister? Also discuss the procedure to elect the president under the constitution. 15
2. Discuss the procedure for the appointment and removal of the governor under the constitution. Discuss also his discretionary powers where he acts of his own without the advice of Chief Minister of the State. 15

UNIT-II

3. Discuss the procedure for the appointment of Judges of the Supreme Court including Chief Justice. Also refer to the historic case of Supreme Court Advocates on records association case. How the Judges of Supreme Court can be removed? 15

4. Discuss the scope of various types of writs laid down under Article 32 of the constitution. What is the difference regarding writ Jurisdiction under Article 32 and Article 226 of the constitution. 15

UNIT-III

5. Write short notes on the following :
(a) Pith and Substance Theory.
(b) Colourable Legislation.
(c) Territorial Nexus Theory. (5+5+5=15)

6. Discuss the right of freedom of Trade and Commerce and Intercourse guaranteed under Article 301 of the constitution. Can any regulatory measures and compensatory taxes imposed by the State amount to restrictions on this right? Discuss with the help of cases-laws decided on the point. 15

UNIT-IV

7. How are the chief election commissioner and the other commissioners of Election Commission of India appointed? What are the powers and duties of the Election Commission of India? Is it a autonomous body? (15)
8. What are the different kinds of Emergencies under the constitution? Discuss the procedure laid down under the constitution to impose National Emergency? What is its effect on Fundamental Rights? (15)

UNIT-V

(Compulsory Question)

9. Give short answer to all of the following parts :
 - (a) What is procedure for passing an Ordinary Bill under the constitution?
 - (b) What is "Original Jurisdiction" of the Supreme Court of India.
 - (c) What are the functions of Finance Commission?
 - (d) Explain the "Doctrine of Pleasure" under the constitution. (4×5=20)

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JURISPRUDENCE

Paper : 405

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each from Unit-I to IV. Question No. 9 in Unit-V is compulsory. Each question carries the marks as indicated.

UNIT-I

1. What is the *Pure Theory of Law*? What are its merits and demerits? How far this theory is applicable in present times?
2. Write a note on ancient Greek, Roman and Hindu theories of jurisprudence. (15)

UNIT-II

3. "Social engineering is based on the theory that laws are created to shape the society and regulate the people's behaviour." Discuss in the light of Roscoe Pound's theory of law.
4. "Duguit's *Social Solidarity Theory* emphasises that law should be based on the inherent social interdependence of humans." Discuss. (15)

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UNIT-III

5. Write a note on the nature, purpose and classification of law.

6. "Judicial precedent is an important source of law, but it is neither as modern as legislation nor is it as old as custom." Comment. (15)

UNIT-IV

7. "Property rights are inherent and not merely created by society." Discuss in context of various theories of Property under jurisprudence.

8. Discuss the various theories of *Ownership*. Which theory you think is more applicable in the present times and why? (15)

UNIT-V

(Compulsory Question)

9. Write short notes on the following :

- Theory of St Thomas Aquinas.
- Scandinavian Realism.
- Principles of criminal administration of justice in India.
- Artificial person. (5×4=20)

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ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Paper : 406/406(A)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note:

1. Attempt *one* question from each Unit (I to IV).
2. Unit-V is compulsory.
3. Questions in Units I-IV carry 15 marks each; Question 9 carries 20 marks.

UNIT-I

1. Trace the historical evolution of environmental protection in India, highlighting key constitutional provisions and their significance.
2. Discuss the role of international instruments like the Stockholm Declaration (1972) and Rio Declaration (1992) in shaping India's environmental policies.

UNIT-II

3. Analyse the general powers of the Central Government under Sections 3-6 of the Environment Protection Act, 1986. How do these provisions ensure environmental governance?

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4. Critically examine the jurisdiction and penal provisions of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010, with reference to the *Oleum Gas Leak Case*.

UNIT-III

5. Explain the structure and functions of the Central and State Pollution Control Boards under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.

6. Discuss the preventive measures and penalties under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, in light of the *Kanpur Tanneries Case*.

UNIT-IV

7. Evaluate the provisions related to hunting, trade, and conservation of wildlife under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972. How effective are these measures?

8. Describe the classification of forests (Reserved, Protected, Village) under the Indian Forest Act, 1927, and their legal implications.

UNIT-V

9. Write short notes on any *four* of the following :

(a) Bioethics and the ethical concerns surrounding animal testing.

(b) Key objectives of the Earth Summit (1992) and their relevance today.

- (c) Powers of the National Green Tribunal under Sections 14–25 of the NGT Act, 2010.
- (d) Significance of *Indian Handicraft Emporium v. Union of India* in forest conservation.
- (e) Role of the Tiger Conservation Authority under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.
- (f) Penalties for water pollution under Sections 41–51 of the Water Act, 1974.
- (g) Impact of *M.C. Mehta v. Union of India* on air pollution control.
- (h) Provisions for cattle trespass under the Indian Forest Act, 1927.
